The Ultimate Electromagnetic Induction Assignment (9%)

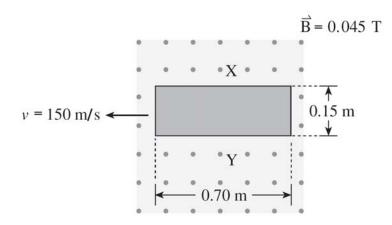
Key Formulae:

$$\Phi = BA \qquad \qquad \varepsilon = -N \frac{\Delta \Phi}{\Delta t} \qquad \qquad V_{\text{back}} = \varepsilon - Ir \qquad \qquad \frac{V_s}{V_p} = \frac{N_s}{N_p} = \frac{I_p}{I_s}$$

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1.

A solid conductor travels at 150 m/s across a uniform 0.045 T magnetic field. Which side is positively charged and what is the emf across this block?



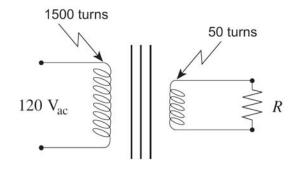
	POSITIVE SIDE	EMF
A.	X	1.0 V
B.	X	4.7 V
C.	Y	1.0 V
D.	Y	4.7 V

A motor operating at full speed draws a current of 4.0 A when connected to a 110 V source. The motor has an armature resistance of 3.5 Ω . What is the back emf at full speed?

- A. 14 V
- B. 96 V
- C. 110 V
- D. 124 V

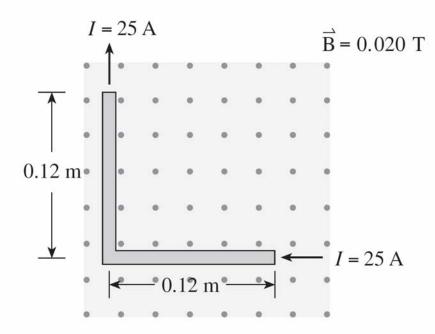
3.

An ideal transformer with 120 V_{ac} on the primary coil supplies power to the resistor R. If this resistor dissipates 35 W, what is the current in the primary coil and in the secondary coil?



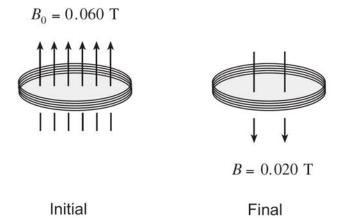
	CURRENT IN PRIMARY	CURRENT IN SECONDARY
A.	0.29 A	0.29 A
B.	0.29 A	8.8 A
C.	8.8 A	0.29 A
D.	8.8 A	8.8 A

What is the magnitude of the magnetic force on the L-shaped conductor?



- A. 0 N
- B. $6.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N}$
- C. $8.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ N}$
- D. $1.2 \times 10^{-1} \text{ N}$

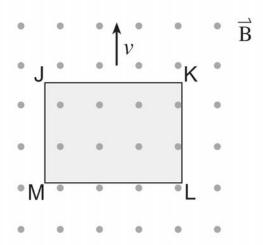
A 500-turn circular coil with an area of $1.54 \times 10^{-2}~\text{m}^2$ is perpendicular to a 0.060 T field. The magnetic field changes to 0.020 T in the opposite direction in 0.12 s.



What is the average emf induced in the coil?

- A. $5.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V}$
- B. $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ V}$
- C. 2.6 V
- D. 5.1 V

A metal block moves with a constant speed in a uniform magnetic field.

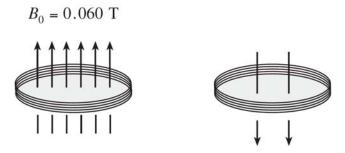


Which side of the block is positive?

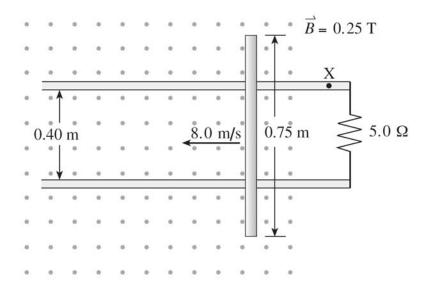
- A. JK
- B. KL
- C. LM
- D. MJ

7.

500-turn circular coil with an area of 1.54×10^{-2} m² is perpendicular to a 0.060 T field. The ignetic field changes to 0.020 T in the opposite direction in 0.12 s.



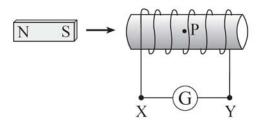
A 0.75 m conducting rod is moved at 8.0 m/s across a 0.25 T magnetic field along metal rails. The electrical resistance of the system is 5.0 Ω .



What are the magnitude and direction of the current through point X?

	MAGNITUDE OF CURRENT	DIRECTION OF CURRENT THROUGH X
Α.	0.16 A	Left
B.	0.16 A	Right
C.	0.30 A	Left
D.	0.30 A	Right

A bar magnet is moving toward a solenoid.



What is the direction of the current through the galvanometer and what is the direction of the magnetic field produced by this current at location P inside the solenoid?

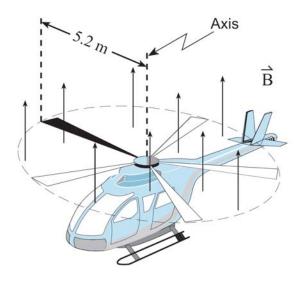
	DIRECTION OF THE CURRENT THROUGH THE GALVANOMETER	DIRECTION OF THE MAGNETIC FIELD AT P
Α.	From X to Y	Right
В.	From X to Y	Left
C.	From Y to X	Right
D.	From Y to X	Left

10.

A dc motor has a resistance of 2.0Ω . When connected to a 12 V source, with the motor rotating at its operational speed, a back emf of 5.5 V is generated. What is the current in the motor at operational speed?

- A. 2.8 A
- B. 3.3 A
- C. 6.0 A
- D. 8.8 A

The 5.2 m long metal rotor blades of a helicopter spin at 6.0 revolutions per second perpendicular to the earth's magnetic field of 4.7×10^{-5} T.



What is the magnetic flux swept out by the rotor blades in one revolution and what is the emf induced between the axis and tip of a rotor blade?

	MAGNETIC FLUX	EMF INDUCED
A.	$4.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Wb}$	$2.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ V}$
B.	$4.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Wb}$	$4.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V}$
C.	$2.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Wb}$	$2.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ V}$
D.	$2.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Wb}$	$4.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ V}$

A coil having 150 turns and a cross-sectional area of 0.042 m² is oriented with its plane perpendicular to a 0.12 T magnetic field. If the field increases to 0.66 T in 0.25 s, what emf is induced in the coil?

- A. 9.8 V
- B. 14 V
- C. 20 V
- D. 320 V

13.

An electric motor rotates at various speeds and the current through the armature changes accordingly. Which pair of conditions occurs when the motor generates the greatest back emf?

	SPEED	CURRENT THROUGH THE ARMATURE
A.	Fastest	Largest
В.	Fastest	Smallest
C.	Slowest	Largest
D.	Slowest	Smallest

14.

A transformer connected to a 120 V ac supply has 7 000 primary and 350 secondary windings. It delivers a secondary current of 2.4 A. Find the primary current and secondary voltage.

	PRIMARY CURRENT	SECONDARY VOLTAGE
A.	0.12 A	6.0 V
B.	0.12 A	2 400 V
C.	48 A	6.0 V
D.	48 A	2 400 V

The magnetic field at the centre of a solenoid of length 0.25 m is 1.2×10^{-2} T. The current in the windings is 7.5 A.

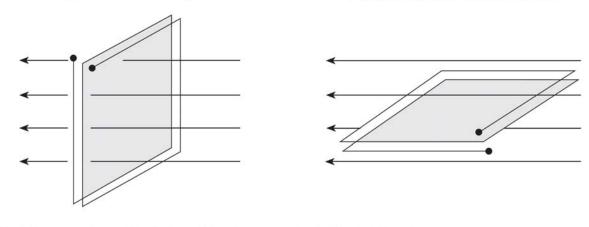
a) How many windings does the solenoid have?

- (4 marks)
- b) If the cross-sectional area of the solenoid is 8.5×10^{-4} m², what is the flux through it? (3 marks)

The diagram below shows two coils in a magnetic field.

Coils perpendicular to magnetic field

Coils parallel to magnetic field



An electric current can be induced in the coil oriented with its plane

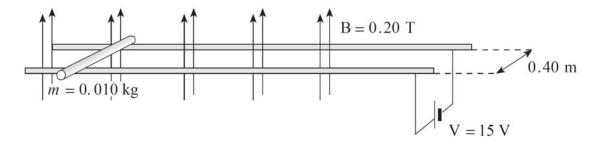
- A. parallel to a constant magnetic field.
- B. parallel to a changing magnetic field.
- C. perpendicular to a constant magnetic field.
- D. perpendicular to a changing magnetic field.

17.

An electric motor is connected to a 12.0 V power supply. When the armature is prevented from rotating, the current is 8.0 A. When the motor is running at normal speed, the current is 2.0 A. What is the back emf in each case?

	BACK EMF WHEN STATIONARY	BACK EMF WHEN RUNNING
A.	0 V	9.0 V
В.	0 V	3.0 V
C.	12 V	9.0 V
D.	12 V	3.0 V

The diagram shows a 0.010 kg metal rod resting on two long horizontal frictionless rails which remain 0.40 m apart. The circuit has a resistance of 3.0 Ω and is located in a uniform 0.20 T magnetic field.



Find the initial acceleration and maximum velocity for the rod.

	INITIAL ACCELERATION	MAXIMUM VELOCITY
A.	40 m/s^2	190 m/s
В.	40 m/s^2	300 m/s
C.	120 m/s ²	190 m/s
D.	120 m/s ²	300 m/s

A transformer has 840 primary and 56 secondary windings. The primary coil is connected to a 110 V ac power supply which delivers a 0.30 A current to the transformer.

a) Find the secondary voltage. (4 marks)

b) Find the secondary current. (3 marks)

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20.

An aircraft with a wingspan of 24 m flies at 85 m/s perpendicular to a magnetic field. An emf of 0.19 V is induced across the wings of the aircraft. What is the magnitude of the magnetic field?

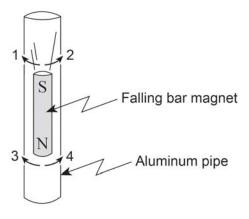
- A. $9.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
- B. 5.4×10^{-2} T
- C. $6.7 \times 10^{-1} \text{ T}$
- D. $3.9 \times 10^2 \text{ T}$

21.

As a carpenter drills into a beam, friction on the drill bit causes the armature of the drill to slow down. How will the back emf and the current through the armature change as the drill slows down?

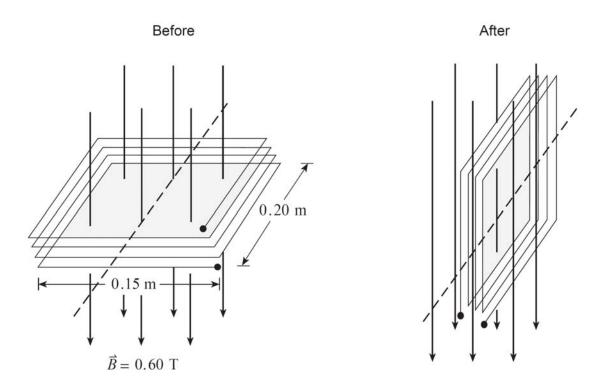
	BACK EMF	CURRENT
A.	Increase	Increase
В.	Increase	Decrease
C.	Decrease	Increase
D.	Decrease	Decrease

The diagram shows a bar magnet falling through an aluminum pipe. Electric currents are induced in the pipe immediately above and below the falling magnet. In which direction do these currents flow?



	ABOVE THE MAGNET	BELOW THE MAGNET
A.	1	3
B.	1	4
C.	2	3
D.	2	4

The diagram shows a coil with 25 windings and dimensions 0.15~m by 0.20~m. Its plane is perpendicular to a magnetic field of magnitude 0.60~T.



If the coil rotates 90° in 4.17×10^{-2} s so that its plane is now parallel to the magnetic field, what average emf is induced during this time? (7 marks)

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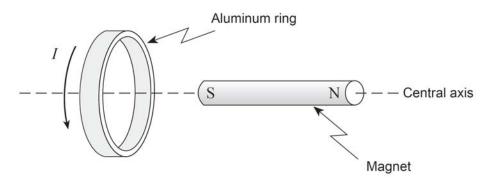
24.

The flux through a circular coil with a radius of 0.075 m is 0.013 Wb when placed perpendicular to a magnetic field. What is the strength of the magnetic field?

- A. 0 T
- B. 0.17 T
- C. 0.74 T
- D. 2.3 T

25.

The diagram below shows an aluminum ring and the current induced in it by the nearby magnet that is free to move along its central axis.



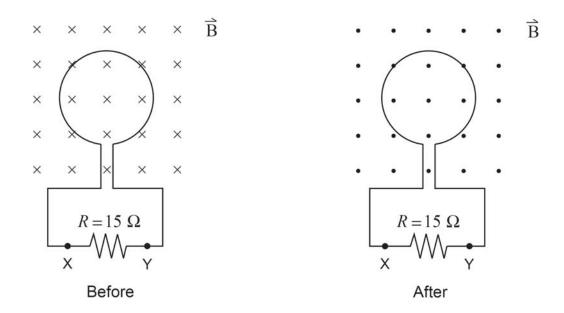
The magnet must be

- A. stationary.
- B. moving to the left.
- C. moving to the right.
- D. spinning about its central axis.

A computer adapter contains a transformer that converts 120 V ac across its primary windings to 24 V ac across its secondary windings. The primary current is 1.2 A. What is the secondary current and what is the type of transformer?

	MAGNITUDE OF CURRENT	DIRECTION OF CURRENT
A.	0.24 A	Step-up
В.	0.24 A	Step-down
C.	6.0 A	Step-up
D.	6.0 A	Step-down

A loop of wire of area 0.32 m^2 is placed in a 0.75 T magnetic field as shown. The magnetic field is changed to 0.35 T in the opposite direction in 0.45 s.



What are the magnitude and direction of the current through the 15Ω resistor?

	MAGNITUDE OF CURRENT	DIRECTION OF CURRENT
A.	0.019 A	X to Y
B.	0.019 A	Y to X
C.	0.052 A	X to Y
D.	0.052 A	Y to X

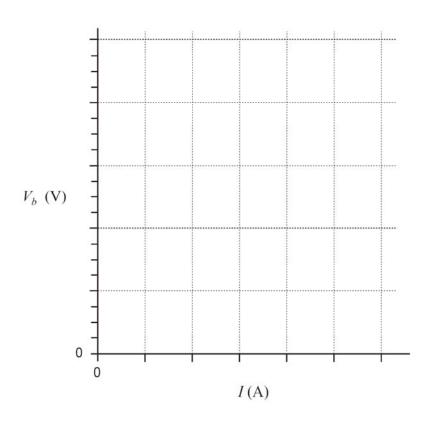
An automobile starter motor, connected to a 12.0 V battery, produces a back emf of 9.7 V when operating at normal speed. A malfunction prevents the starter motor from turning and the current increases to 180 A. What current does the starter motor draw when operating normally? (7 marks)

An electric motor is connected to a 9.0 V power supply. The data table below shows how the back emf of the motor, V_{back} , varies with the current through the armature, I, as the mechanical load changes.

Back emf V_{back} (V)	7.5	6.0	4.5	3.0	1.5	0
Current I (A)	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0

a) Plot this data on the graph below.

(2 marks)



b) Determine the slope of this graph.

(2 marks)

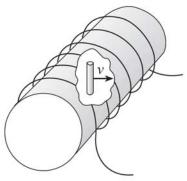
c) What property of the motor does the slope represent?

(1 mark)

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30.

A solenoid of length 0.75 m has a radius 0.092 m. A current of 25 A flows through its 4 700 turns. Within this solenoid a 0.10 m long conductor moves at 4.3 m/s perpendicular to the field in the solenoid.



What emf is induced between the ends of the conductor?

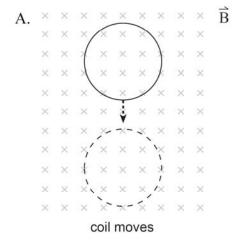
- A. 0.085 V
- B. 0.197 V
- C. 0.430 V
- D. 4.80 V

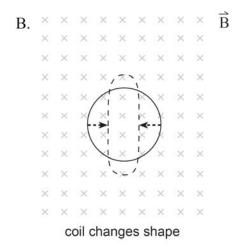
31.

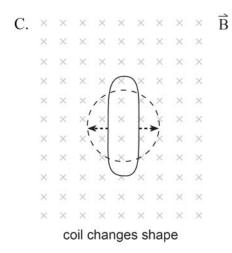
A motor is connected to a 12 V dc supply and draws 5.0 A when it first starts up. What will be the back emf when the motor is operating at full speed and drawing 1.2 A?

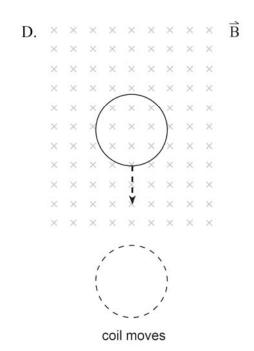
- A. 7.0 V
- B. 7.8 V
- C. 9.1 V
- D. 10.8 V

In which of the following situations would the greatest emf be induced in the coil? All changes occur in the same time interval.









An ideal transformer has a potential difference of 130~V ac across the primary windings and a potential difference of 780~V ac across the secondary windings. There are 390~turns in the secondary. The secondary current is

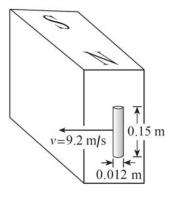
- A. twice the primary current.
- B. one half the primary current.
- C. six times the primary current.
- D. one-sixth the primary current.

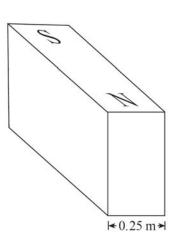
34.

A rectangular coil of wire containing 250 loops is placed in a magnetic field. Each loop measures 0.075 m by 0.28 m. The magnetic field changes over a time interval of 0.36 s producing an average emf of 1.3 V. What is the change in the magnetic field strength?

(7 marks)

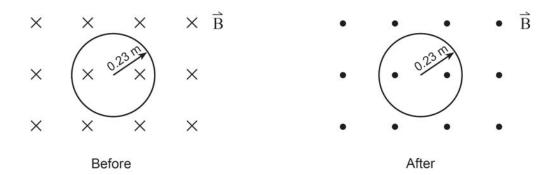
A conducting rod is moving perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field of $0.23~\mathrm{T}$ at a velocity of $9.2~\mathrm{m/s}$. What emf is generated during this motion?





- A. 0 V
- B. 0.025 V
- C. 0.32 V
- D. 0.53 V

A single loop of wire of radius 0.23 m is placed in a 0.75 T magnetic field as shown. The magnetic field is changed to a strength of 0.50 T in the opposite direction in 0.61 s.



What is the average emf induced in the coil?

- A. 0.068 V
- B. 0.094 V
- C. 0.34 V
- D. 0.47 V

37.

A rectangular coil measuring $0.12~\mathrm{m}$ by $0.080~\mathrm{m}$ is placed perpendicular to a $0.85~\mathrm{T}$ magnetic field as shown.

What is the magnetic flux through the coil?

- A. 0 Wb
- B. 8.2×10^{-3} Wb
- C. 6.8×10^{-2} Wb
- D. 1.0×10^{-1} Wb

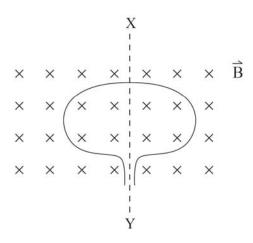
An electric device operates on	9.0 V ac	and has a total	resistance of	21 Ω . An ideal
transformer is used to change to	he incomir	ng line voltage o	of 120 V ac t	to the operating voltage
of 9.0 V ac.				

a)	Is the transformer a step-up or step-down transformer?	(1 mark)	
b)	What is the current in the primary side?	(6 marks)	

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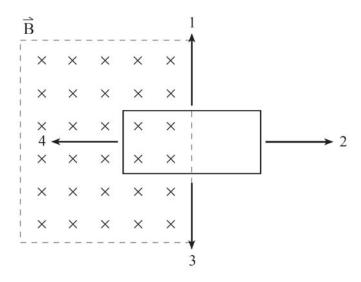
39.

A single coil of wire of area $6.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$ is positioned in a uniform 0.18 T magnetic field as shown. The coil is rotated 90° about axis XY in 4.2×10^{-3} s. What average emf is induced by the coil?



- A. 0 V
- B. 0.13 V
- C. 0.26 V
- D. 43 V

A part of a coil of wire is placed in a uniform magnetic field as shown. Which two directions of motion would immediately induce an emf in the coil?



- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 3
- C. 2 and 3
- D. 2 and 4

41.

An electric motor is connected to a constant source of potential. Considering back emf, which of the following observations is correct?

- A. At full speed the applied voltage increases.
- B. At full speed the armature resistance increases.
- C. If the motor is kept from rotating at full speed, the armature heats up.
- D. If the motor is kept from rotating at full speed, the armature temperature decreases.

A motor is connected to a constant 120~V source and draws a current of 38.0~A when it first starts up. At its normal operating speed, the motor draws a current of 2.50~A.

a) What is the resistance of the armature coil?

(3 marks)

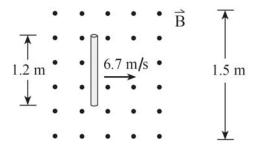
b) What is the back emf at normal speed?

(4 marks)

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43.

A 1.2 m length of wire is pulled through a uniform 0.045 T magnetic field at 6.7 m/s as shown. What emf is generated between the ends of the wire?



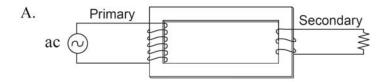
- A. 0 V
- B. 0.090 V
- C. 0.36 V
- D. 0.45 V

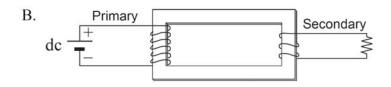
44.

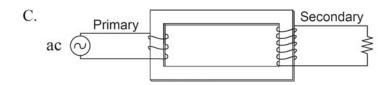
A dc motor is connected to a 12.0~V power supply. When the armature is rotating, the current through it is 0.78~A and the back emf is 10.6~V. What is the resistance of the armature?

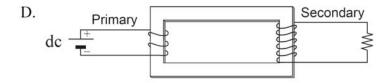
- A. 1.4Ω
- B. 1.8Ω
- C. 14Ω
- D. 15Ω

In which of the following diagrams is the secondary current greater than the primary current?









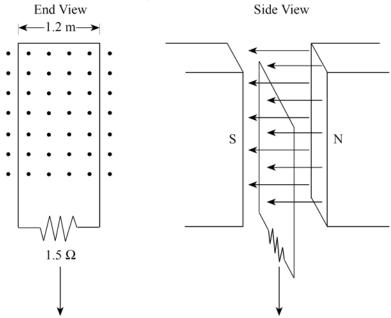
A single loop of wire of area 5.0×10^{-3} m² and resistance 1.8Ω is perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field B. The field then decreases to zero in 1.2×10^{-3} s inducing an average current of 8.3×10^{-2} A in the loop. What was the initial value of the magnetic field B? (7 marks)

Scholarship Questions!

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47.

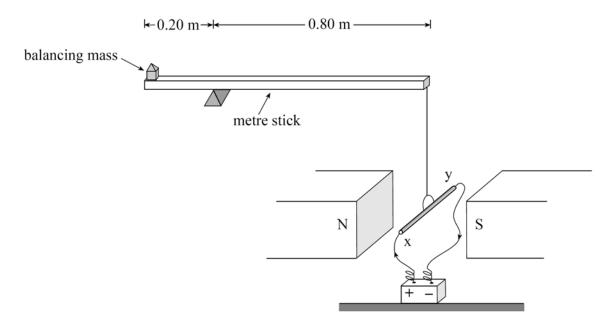
A rectangular conducting loop of mass $4.5 \times 10^{-2} \, \text{kg}$ and resistance $1.5 \, \Omega$ is dropped in the direction shown through a uniform horizontal magnetic field of $1.8 \, \text{T}$.



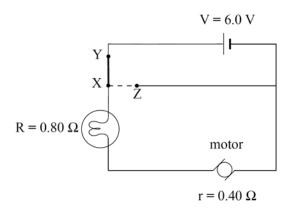
At what speed will this loop be falling through the magnetic field when it stops accelerating? (10 marks)

A uniform 0.125 kg metre stick is pivoted 0.20 m from its left end. A 0.250 kg conducting rod xy of length 0.16 m is suspended from the right end of the metre stick. An 8.5 A current flows through this rod. What balancing mass is needed to produce static equilibrium if the magnetic field is 0.40 T?

(12 marks)



The circuit below shows a 6.0~V power supply connected to a $0.80~\Omega$ light bulb in series with an electric motor whose internal resistance is $0.40~\Omega$. The power output of the bulb is 1.8~W when the switch is set in position XY, as shown.



a) Find the back emf (reverse voltage) of the motor.

- (8 marks)
- b) When the switch is set to position XZ, the bulb instantly becomes brighter and then becomes dimmer as the armature of the motor slows down. Find the power output of the bulb when it is brightest. (4 marks)

Answers:

- 1. A
- 2. B
- 3. B
- 4. C
- 5. D
- 6. B
- 7. Omit
- 8. B
- 9. A
- 10. B
- 11. A
- 12. B
- 13. B
- 14. A
- 15. A) 3.2×10^2 m b) 1.0×10^{-5} Wb
- 16. D
- 17. A
- 18. A
- 19. A) 7.3 v b) 4.5 A
- 20. A
- 21. C
- 22. B
- 23. 11 v
- 24. C
- 25. C
- 26. D

- 27. D
- 28. 34 A
- 29. A) see solution key b) -1.5 ohms c) internal resistance
- 30. A
- 31. C
- 32. D
- 33. D
- 34. ΔB=0.089 T
- 35. C
- 36. C
- 37. B
- 38. A) step down b) 0.032 A
- 39. C
- 40. D
- 41. C
- 42. A) 3.16 ohms b) 112 v
- 43. C
- 44. B
- 45. A
- 46. $B=3.6 \times 10^{-2} T$
- 47. 0.142 m/s
- 48. M= 1.41 kg
- 49. A) 4.2 v b) 9.8 W